

(A Unit of Tadikela Subbaiah Trust®)

Recognized By Dental Council of India, New Delhi, DCI No. V.I2017/5/2019-DE Affiliated to Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore

Ref,

Date :.....

The institution has been actively involved in the research and innovations. The following details of innovations are provided and documents are attached accordingly:

- 1. Digital Library
- 2. Digital Evaluation Center
- 3. Innovation of Software called "Dentogenus" in the field of Forensic Odontology.
- 4. Fabrication of Semiautomatic tooth brush "Dentocure" for specially abled Kids.

Principal

Subba. In Institute of Dental Sciences NH-13, H.H. Road, Purle

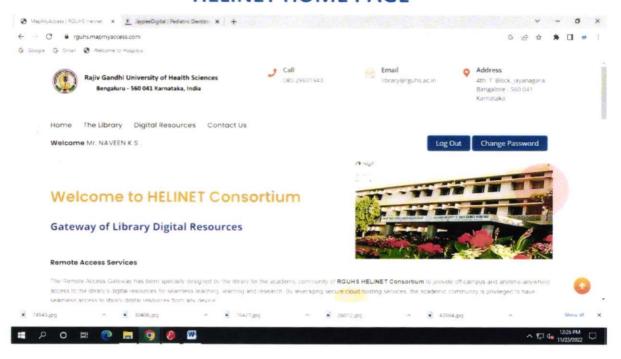


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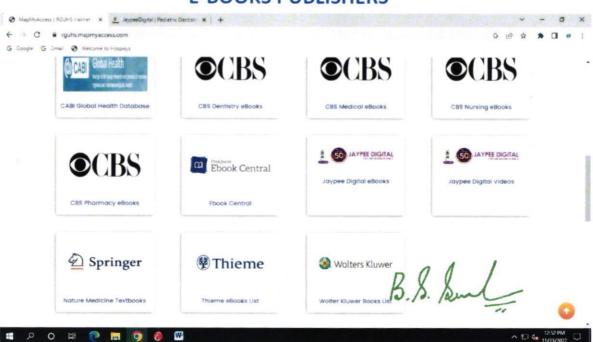
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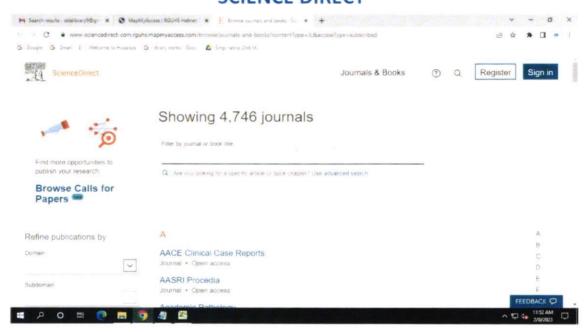


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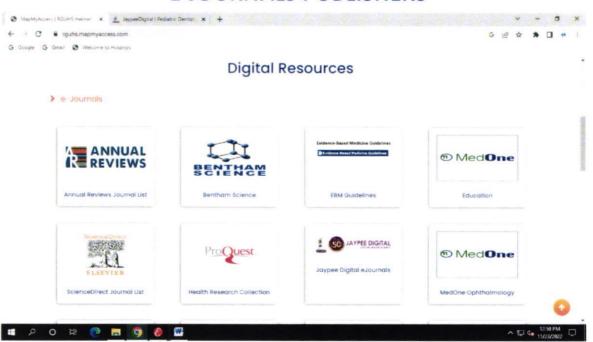
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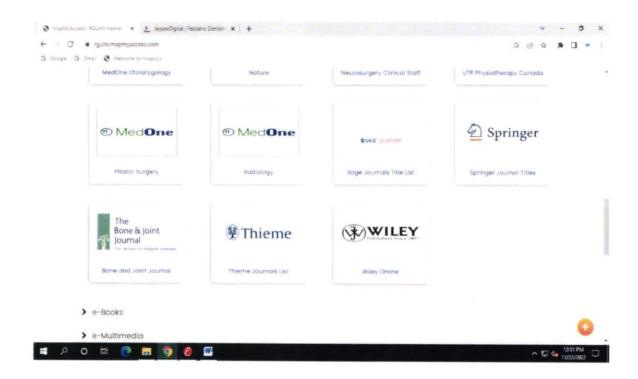




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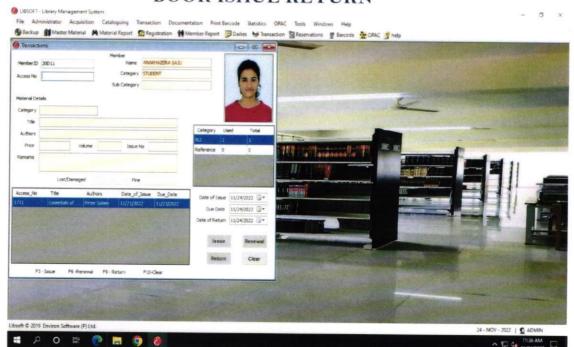
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#### SOFTWARE HOME PAGE



#### **BOOK ISHUE RETURN**

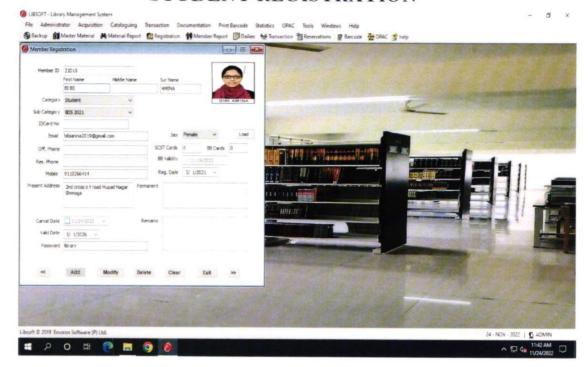




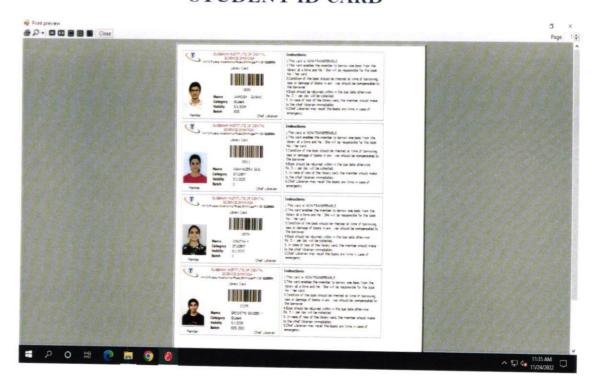
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#### STUDENT REGISTRATION



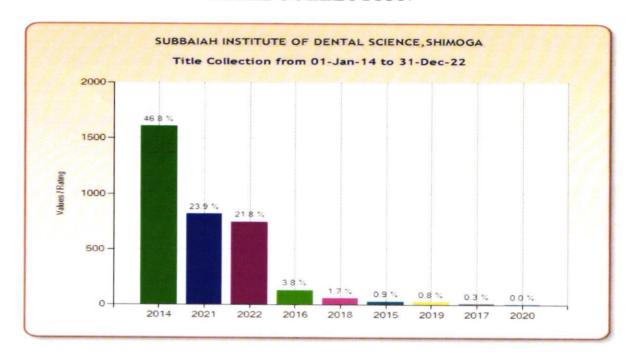
#### STUDENT ID CARD



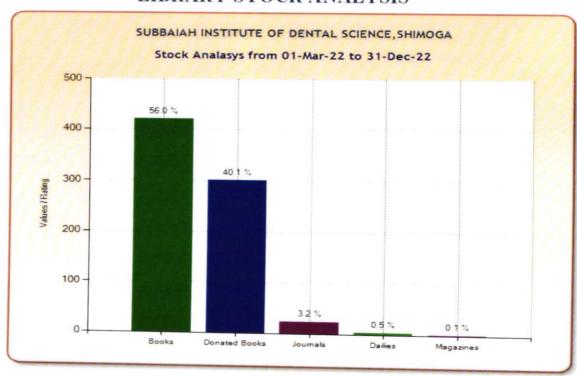
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#### TITLE COLLECTION



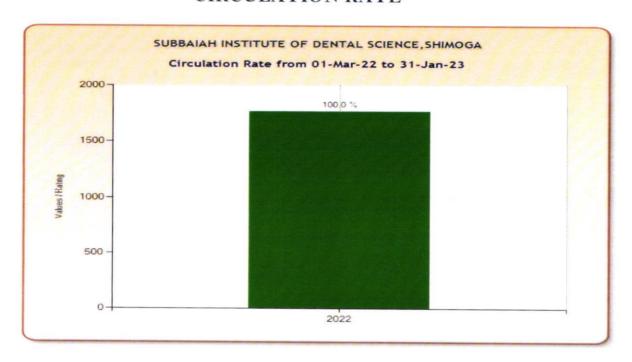
#### LIBRARY STOCK ANALYSIS



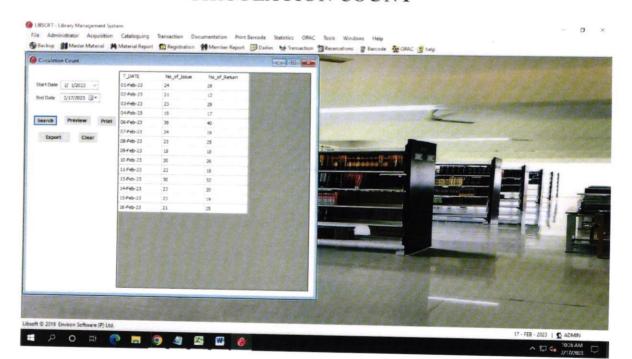
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#### CIRCULATION RATE



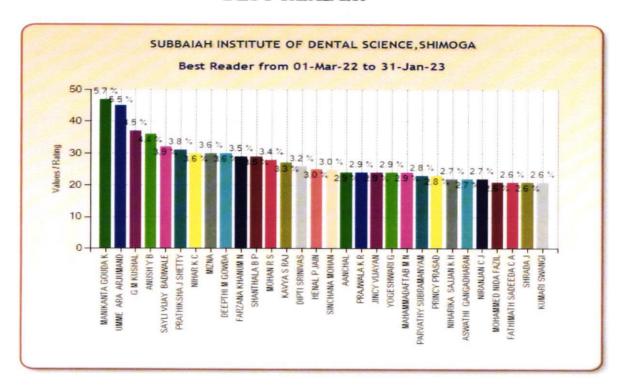
#### **CIRCULATION COUNT**



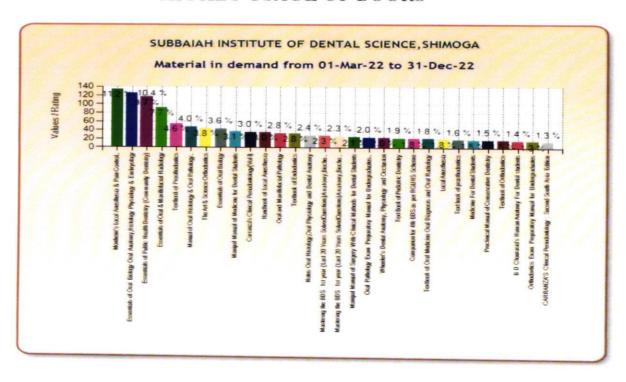
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#### BEST READER



#### HIGHLY USAGE OF BOOKS



## sponsored by University Research Projects Undergraduates and Research program faculties INNOVATION ECOSYSTEM

# Multi-speciality Camps Camps Camps conducted at various villages and places providing various treatment like extraction, restoration,

SUBBAIAH SCIENCES

Satellite centers

Adoption of 3

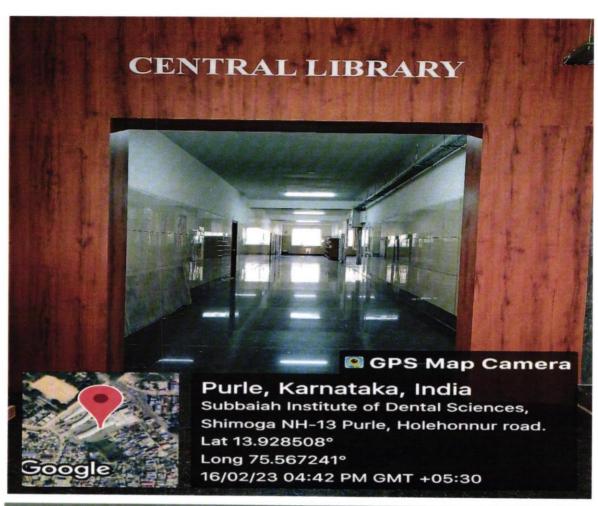
villages

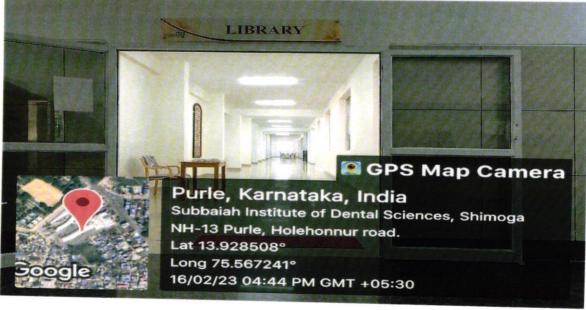
Rural Health Care and Development

## Collaborations Collaborations with various centers to establish the area of research



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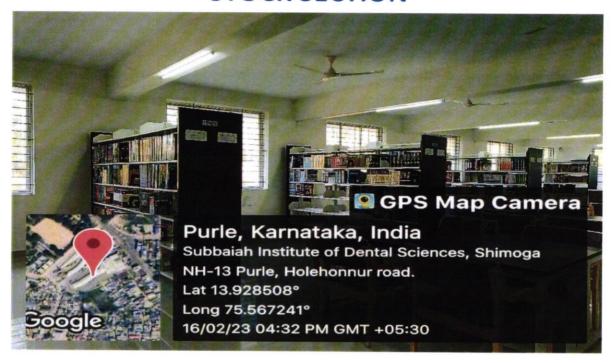




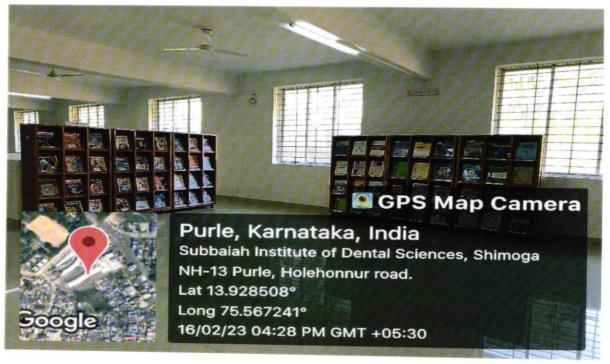


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#### STOCK SECTION



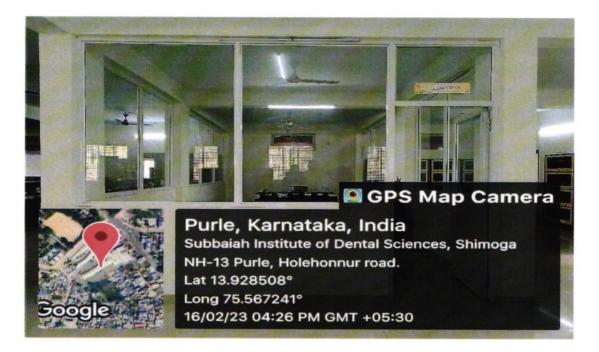
#### **JOURNAL SECTION**



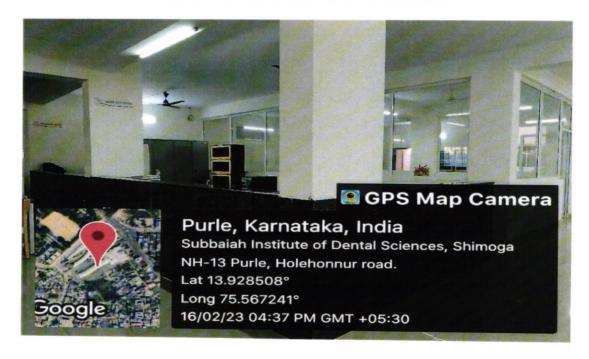


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#### **CHIEF LIBRARIAN**



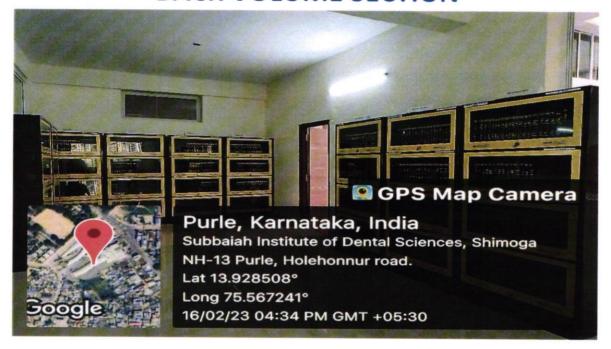
#### **CIRCULATION COUNTER**



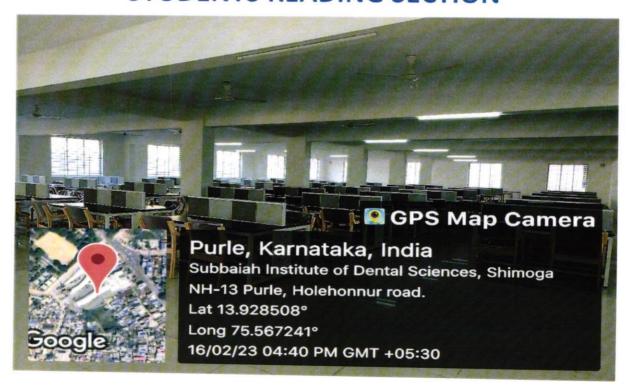


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#### **BACK VOLUME SECTION**



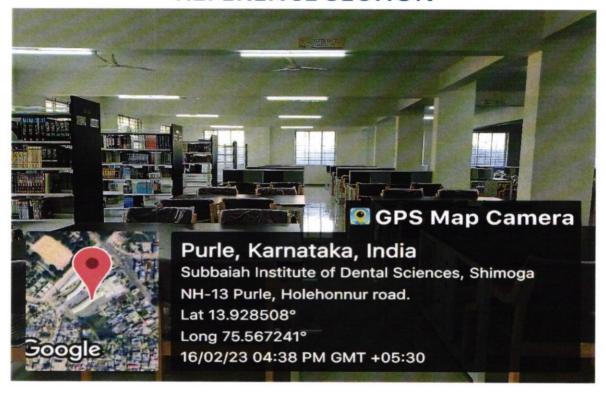
#### STUDENTS READING SECTION



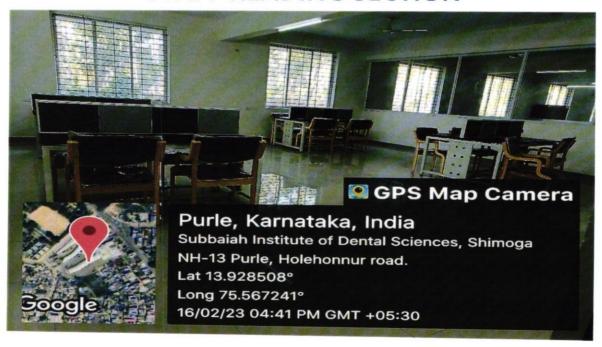


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#### REFERENCE SECTION



#### STAFF READING SECTION



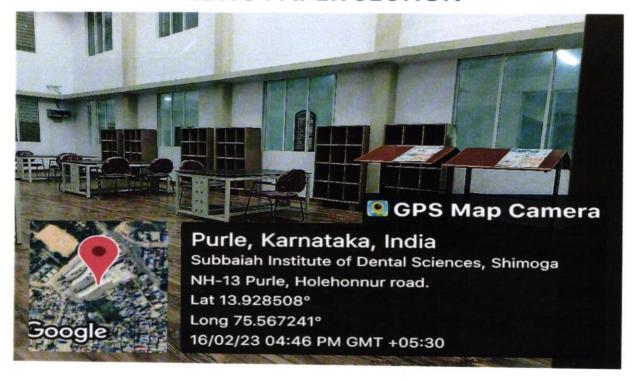


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#### **DIGITAL LIBRARY**



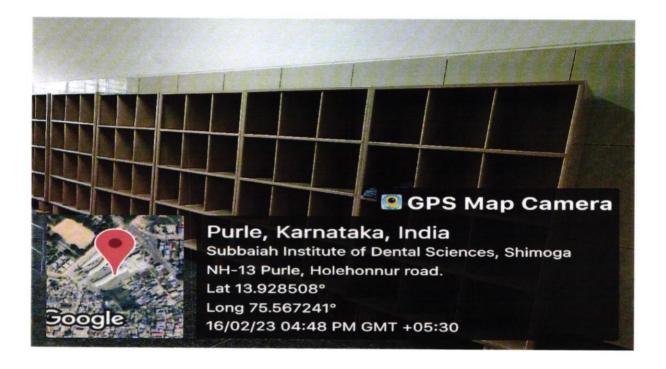
#### **NEWS PAPER SECTION**





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#### **PROPERTY COUNTER**



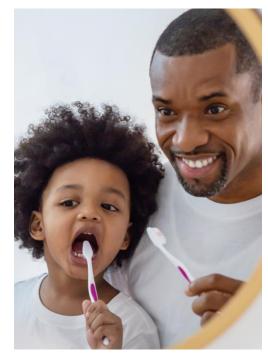
## "Dentocure"

Oral hygiene Instrument

## Introduction

- Oral hygiene is an important practice that is to be carried out on a regular basis to enable prevention of dental disease and bad breath.
- Good oral hygiene results in a mouth that looks and smells healthy. This means: Your teeth are clean and free of debris. Gums are firmly held against teeth and do not hurt or bleed when you brush or floss
- It becomes even more important when it comes to a child's wellbeing. It impacts on the ability for children to eat and sleep, to socialise with confidence and to concentrate at school





### **Problem Statement**



In case of the children who are disabled and cannot take care of themselves, maintaining their oral hygiene which including basic tasks like brushing teeth and flossing can be a very challenging.

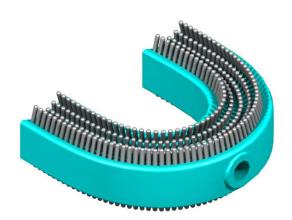
- Working with disabled kids can be a complicated task considering that no two children are alike and the difference in their behavior and response would be clear.
- We have to design a device which can both be **safe and easily usable** on these children to help with their oral hygiene.

## Design Requirement

- A normal person or a child takes an average of 10-15 minutes for brushing their teeth.
- The biggest struggle while brushing a disabled child's teeth is keeping their focus and making sure that they don't hurt themselves or get upset.
- The Requirement is to design a device that can complete the task in a fraction of that average time taken.
- The device should be **safe**, **sterilizable** with effective functionality. Making sure that the materials used are **non-toxic**.

## Design

- Dentocure: A handy mouth piece with bristles which fit inside a child's mouth and vibrate vigorously to clean the teeth.
- The mouth piece has two sides up and down which covers all teeth inside the mouth at a time.
- This helps to complete the task much faster than usual
- The intensity of the vibratory action can be controlled as per the requirement using a controlling device
- Materials used to fabricate the device are safe, sterilizable and non-toxic





## Prototyping and Testing



- The initial prototype developed was tested on a group of disabled children at a care home.
- The response to the functionality of the device revealed that the vibratory action needs to be improved in the initial prototype.
- The next Feedback and response from the children were taken into account in improving the design to suit the needs appropriately.
- The device was examined by a dental Practitioner whose response to the same was positive and approving.

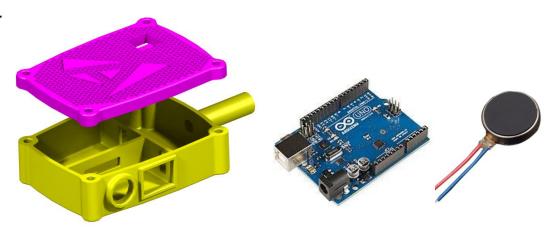
## **Working and Components**

• The device functions by utilizing the vibratory action from the multiple motors placed inside the mouthpiece. Depending on how vigorous the Vibration is needed, intensity of the same is controlled by using a microcontroller.



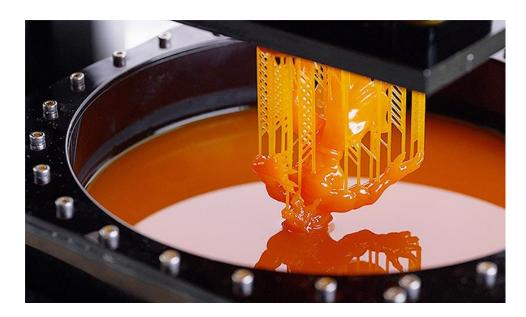
#### Main components include:

- 1) The mouthpiece
- 2) Enclosure
- 3) Controller
- 4) Vibratory motors



## Materials and Fabrication

- The material used for manufaturing the mouthpiece is a clear biocompatible resin which hardens upon curing. This resin is Biocompatible, safe, elastic in nature and non-toxic.
- The device is manufactured using Stereo lithography (SLA) type of 3D printing technology.
- Using 3D printing technology enabled our team for rapid prototyping and also made it cost effective.





## Future scope

- The device can be integrated with advanced sensors which may detect how clean a person's mouth is and suggest how much of a cleaning is required to maintain hygiene.
- This device can also be used by regular people, considering that the device is perfectly functional and gets the work done fast.
- Device can be customized according to the user using advanced manufacturing techniques like 3D printing which not only makes the device extremely flexible but also cost effective.

## Conclusion:

- With the use of Dentocure, keeping the disabled children safe from cavity and dental related diseases can be reduced to a much simpler task than the usal
- Dentocure not only aims at aiding the disabled kid but sees potential wherein it can be used by the common people too.
- At the heart of our project, we believe in making the lives better for the parents and their children.



#### **FORMAT FOR FINAL REPORT (RGUHS)**

- 1. Title of the Project: GENDER IDENTIFICATION BY 3DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS OF MAXILLARY CANINE USING DENTAL SCANNER.
- 2. Project Code (provided by RGUHS):19DEN090
- 3. Principal Investigator and Co-Investigators:

#### **Principal Investigator**

Dr.Shruthi.D.K Professor Dept Of Oral Pathology & Microbiology Subbaiah Institute of Dental Sciences NH-13, Purle, Shimoga.

#### **Co-Investigator**

Dr.Mahesh Reddy
Associate Professor
Dept Of Oral Pathology & Microbiology
Subbaiah Institute of Dental Sciences
NH-13, Purle, Shimoga

4. Implementing Institution and other collaborating Institutions

Subbaiah Institute of Dental Sciences NH-13, Purle, Shimoga

- 5. Date of commencement:03/02/2020
- 6. Duration:3 YEARS
- 7. Date of completion: 31st March 2023
- 8. Objectives as approved:
  - 1. Volumetric analysis of Maxillary canine in males.
  - 2. Volumetric analysis of Maxillary canine in females.
  - 3. Comparison of Volumetric analysis of Maxillary canine in males and Females.
- 9. Deviation made from original objectives if any, while implementing the project and reasons thereof.

No deviations made.

10. Field/ Experimental work giving full details of summary of methods adopted.

The project involved development of software which focused to assess measurements, involves creating a program that can analyze and evaluate data collected from various measuring devices. The software was designed to process the measurements and provide accurate and reliable results to the user. The software is named "Dentegenus".

The development process involved several key steps:

1.Define the requirements: The first step in developing the software is to identify the requirements for the program. This includes understanding the type of measurements that will be analyzed, the data format and structure, and any specific calculations or algorithms required.

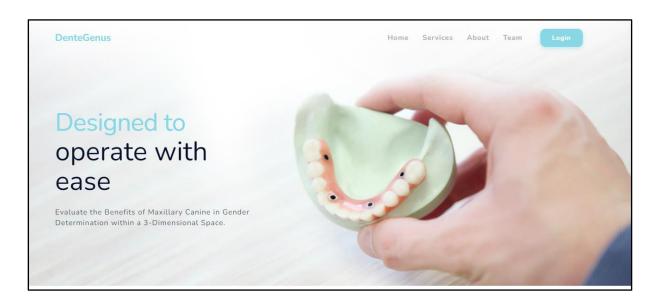
2.Design the software: Once the requirements have been established, the software was designed. This involved creating a plan for the software architecture, user interface.

3.Develop the software: With the design in place, the software was developed using programming languages and tools such as Java. The development process typically involved writing code, testing.

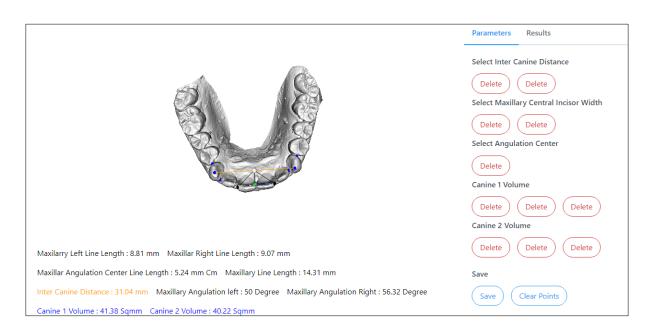
4.Test the software: Before the software was released, it was thoroughly tested to ensure that it is accurate and reliable. This involved running a series of tests to check for errors, bugs, and other issues.

5.Deploy the software: Once the software was tested and approved, it was used to deploy for use by the end-users. This involved installing the software on the appropriate devices and ensuring that it is properly configured.

Following the above steps software called **DENTEGENUS** was developed.



Picture explaining Frontpage of the software



Picture explaining the marking of mesiodistal dimension of central incisors, inter canine width.



Picture explaining the marking of canine to measure the volume of the canine.